UDDEHOLM TOOL STEEL FOR

PVD COATINGS

The best of two worlds
Surface coating of tool steel has become a common practice, physical vapour deposition (PVD) being the most commonly used technique. The coating is typically a thin ceramic layer (<4 µm) characterised by very high hardness and low friction.

The efficacy of a PVD-coated tool is strongly dependent on the physical and mechanical properties of the steel. High hardness and compressive strengths are necessary to avoid the “glass-on-snow” effect, where the brittle layer cracks easily over a soft substrate. A high tempering temperature is recommended in order to ensure dimensional stability after the coating process. It is also possible to combine PVD with a plasma nitriding treatment (Duplex) to increase the load-bearing capacity of the coating.

The coating should also be defect-free and with a smooth surface in order to effectively reduce sticking and friction. Tool materials with higher cleanliness and improved polishability can guarantee the homogeneity of the coating and a better surface finish on the components.

Within the tool industry there is no “one solution fits all”. Therefore, it is of paramount importance that material and coating selection goes hand in hand. The aim with this brochure is to present some combinations of tool steels and PVD coatings that have proven to be highly successful. More detailed information about tool steels and coatings can be found in other technical brochures from Uddeholm and voestalpine eifeler Coating GmbH. For optimization of complex tooling solutions we still recommend you to contact Uddeholm for questions about steels and voestalpine eifeler Coating GmbH for coating questions.

This information is based on our present state of knowledge and is intended to provide general notes on our products and their uses. It should not therefore be construed as a warranty of specific properties of the products described or a warranty for fitness for a particular purpose.

Classified according to EU Directive 1999/45/EC.

For further information see our “Material Safety Data Sheets”.

Network of Excellence
Uddeholm is present on every continent. This ensures you high-quality Swedish tool steel and local support wherever you are. We secure our position as the world’s leading supplier of tooling materials.

For more information, visit our website at uddeholm.com
UDDEHOLM PREMIUM COLD WORK STEEL
ALLOW THE COATING TO DO ITS JOB IN THE BEST WAY

The Uddeholm premium cold work steels have been found to be particularly suitable for PVD coatings. The uniform microstructure and high cleanliness in these steels facilitate bonding of the coating and reduces the spread of dimensional changes resulting from hardening. This, together with the material’s high strength allows the coating to do its job in the best way.

CHOOSE THE RIGHT COMBINATION
When choosing the combination tool steel and PVD coating for a cold work application there are four crucial factors to consider:

1. FAILURE TYPE find the dominating wear mechanism
2. TOOLING QUALITY surface finish in active surfaces and other areas exposed to high loads
3. TOOL STEEL AND COATING SELECTION choose steel and/or coating for the dominating wear mechanism
4. HEAT TREATMENT make sure that the heat treatment and coating process fit together

1. FAILURE TYPE

- Choose steel with enough chipping resistance
- Choose steel with higher compressive strength (hardness)

2. TOOLING QUALITY

- Surface cracking
- Grinding marks

3. TOOL STEEL AND COATING SELECTION

- Choose a coating with high hardness and wear resistance
- Choose a coating with fine surface and low friction properties

4. HEAT TREATMENT

- Make sure that the heat treatment and coating process fit together

The active areas of the tool should be smooth and free from corrosion and white layers in order to obtain the best performance result. After grinding, a typical surface finish of $R_a=0.5 \mu m$ is obtained, which is not smooth enough for a high performance tool in cold work application. A rough surface (by e.g. grinding marks) may lead to inhomogeneous coating layers and cracks in the PVD coating. Thus, polishing to $R_a<0.2 \mu m$ in active areas is recommended before a PVD coating is applied. For critical applications, even finer $R_a<0.05 \mu m$. Furthermore, depending on the application, a post-treatment of the coated tool may be recommended and should be discussed with the respective sales contact at voestalpine eifeler Coating GmbH.

SURFACE

Surface profile with deep grinding marks, $R_a=0.5 \mu m$, $R_z=4.0 \mu m$

Same surface profile after polishing with 600 grit, $R_a=0.1 \mu m$, $R_z=1.0 \mu m$

CRACKING

Galling due to cracks initiated in the coating by deep grinding marks

Heat affected surfaces from WEDM need to be removed and 3–4 passes are needed to reduce the heat affected zone that have small cracks and high stress level.

UDDEHOLM PREMIUM COLD WORK STEEL

ALLOW THE COATING TO DO ITS JOB IN THE BEST WAY
3. TOOL STEEL AND COATING SELECTION

Example of suitable tool steels for PVD coating

TOOL STEELS FOR PVD COATING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UDDEHOLM STEEL GRADE</th>
<th>CHIPPING RESISTANCE</th>
<th>COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH</th>
<th>TYPICAL HARDNESS RANGE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ref. steel AISI D2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>58-61 HRC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uddeholm Caldie®</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>58-61 HRC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uddeholm Slepner®</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>60-64 HRC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uddeholm Vanadis® 4 Extra SuperClean</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>60-64 HRC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uddeholm Vanadis® 8 SuperClean **</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>60-64 HRC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uddeholm Vancron® SuperClean (#)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>60-64 HRC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uddeholm Vanadis® 30 SuperClean</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>65-67 HRC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uddeholm Vanadis® 60 SuperClean</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>67-69 HRC</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COATING</th>
<th>COLOUR</th>
<th>APPLICATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Duplex VARIANTIC®</td>
<td>Old rose</td>
<td>Forming of uncoated high-strength sheets ≤ 1200N/mm² (e.g. side-impact rails)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duplex TIGRAL®</td>
<td>Dark grey</td>
<td>Forming of electroplated high-strength sheets ≤ 1200N/mm² (e.g. structural components)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DUMATIC®</td>
<td>Reddish grey</td>
<td>Broadband coating for forming of stainless steel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon-X®</td>
<td>Black</td>
<td>Forming of aluminium for automotive components</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duplex CROSAL®-plus</td>
<td>Slate grey</td>
<td>Fineblanking (e.g. automotive applications)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. HEAT TREATMENT

The most important part of the heat treatment is to temper the steel at a temperature higher than both the coating process (typically 450°C) and the retained austenite area (see diagram to the right).

A common problem with standard AISI D2 tool steel is dimensional growth, due to the usage of a low tempering temperature (~500-510°C) for keeping a high hardness. Retained austenite will remain in the microstructure and this will transform into martensite during the coating process or in use of the tool. This results in a volume expansion of the tool, which may exceed the desired geometrical tolerances.

Due to a relatively wide range in chemical composition of an AISI D2 steel the minimum tempering temperature for avoiding retained austenite is not well defined. Hence a safe margin is necessary.

For more details see technical product brochures for the steel grades.

UDDEHOLM TOOL STEEL IN COMPONENTS

ALLOW THE COATING TO DO ITS JOB IN THE BEST WAY

By using premium Uddeholm tool steel in components, you will increase the productivity and extend the time between maintenance. By adding a suitable PVD coating the life of the component can be increased even further.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UDDEHOLM STEEL GRADE</th>
<th>CHIPPING RESISTANCE</th>
<th>COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH</th>
<th>TYPICAL HARDNESS RANGE</th>
<th>COATING</th>
<th>COLOUR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Uddeholm Vanadis® 4 Extra SuperClean</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>60-64 HRC</td>
<td>VARIANTIC®</td>
<td>Old rose</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uddeholm Caldie®</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>58-61 HRC</td>
<td>VARIANTIC®</td>
<td>Old rose</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uddeholm Unimax®</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>54-57 HRC</td>
<td>VARIANTIC®</td>
<td>Old rose</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

MEAT PROCESSING

Hole plates in Uddeholm Vanadis® 4 Extra SuperClean + VARIANTIC coating is an excellent choice for mincing of meat.

- The combination of high hardness and low friction gives a long tool life
- Less maintenance and higher productivity

Uddeholm steel grades and coatings from voestalpine eifeler Coating GmbH are certified acc. to EC No 1935/2004 for food contact
It is important to choose the right steel grade for the moulding since plastic moulding is a demanding process.

**UDDEHOLM CAN OFFER DIFFERENT TYPES OF MOULD STEEL FOR PLASTIC MOULDING**
- Prehardened mould and holder steel.
- Through-hardened mould steel.
- Corrosion resistant mould steel.

PVD coating of plastic moulds is a way to improve the mould life for moulds used for injection moulding, extrusion, vacuum forming and blow moulding. It is important to have a good support material with sufficient hardness, uniform microstructure and cleanliness for a successful PVD coating. Uddeholm plastic mould steels fulfill these demands and thus make an excellent choice for PVD coating.

**FAILURES THAT CAN BE SOLVED BY THE STEEL**
- Cracks and/or gross cracking caused by high static or dynamic loads. The solution in this case is an upgrade to a steel grade with a better toughness.
- Plastic deformation due to loads higher than the yield strength of the material can only be solved by choosing a steel with a higher hardness.

**FAILURES THAT CAN BE SOLVED BY PVD COATING**
- Abrasive wear caused by hard particles in the plastic resin like glass fibre.
- Release problem due to sticking of plastic.
- Adhesive wear, galling between sliding parts.
- Diesel effect, corrosive off-gassing created by plastic material such as PVC or halogenated or halogen free fire retardants.
- Problem to clean, due to that additives like fire retardants cause deposits to stick on the mould cavity surface.

**EXAMPLE OF SUITABLE PLASTIC MOULD STEELS FOR PVD COATING**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UDDEHOLM STEEL GRADE</th>
<th>CORROSION RESISTANCE</th>
<th>TOUGHNESS</th>
<th>COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH</th>
<th>TYPICAL HARDNESS RANGE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Uddeholm Nimax®</td>
<td>★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★</td>
<td>★ ★</td>
<td>★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★</td>
<td>380-400 HBW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uddeholm Mirrax 40®</td>
<td>★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★</td>
<td>★ ★ ★</td>
<td>★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★</td>
<td>380-400 HBW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uddeholm Stavax ESR®</td>
<td>★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★</td>
<td>★</td>
<td>★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★</td>
<td>≥50-52 HRC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uddeholm Mirrax ESR®</td>
<td>★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★</td>
<td>★ ★ ★</td>
<td>★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★</td>
<td>≤40-50 HRC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uddeholm Unimax®</td>
<td>★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ⚫</td>
<td>★ ★ ★</td>
<td>★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ⚫</td>
<td>≤54-58 HRC</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Delivered in prehardened condition no further heat treatment is needed.
** Delivered in soft annealed condition and needs to be sent for heat treatment after machining of the mould to achieve requested hardness.

**EXAMPLE OF SUITABLE PVD COATINGS FOR PLASTIC MOULDING**

**COATING** | WEAR-RESISTANCE | STICKING RESISTANCE | COLOUR | TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS OR EXAMPLE OF APPLICATION | TYPICAL THERMOPLASTICS
---|---|---|---|---|---
CrN | ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ | ★ | Silver grey | • High hardness and adhesion  
 • Very good chemical resistance  
 • High temperature resistance in air (up to 600°C)  
 • Thicker layers possible | PA, PC, PBT, PET, PEI, PS, PSU, PPS, PPO, TPU
TiN | ★ ★ ★ ★ | ★ ★ | Gold | • Good chemical resistance  
 • Good temperature resistance in air (up to 500°C)  
 • Resistant to abrasive wear of e.g.; mineral filled organic materials  
 • Improvement of the mold release | PS, SB, SAN, ABS, ASA, PA, PC, PBT, PET, PMMA, CA, CP, CAP
Carbon-X® (DLC) | ★ ★ ★ | ★ ★ ★ | Dark grey | • Good chemical resistance  
 • Smooth surface  
 • Low temperature coating process (~200°C)  
 • Very low coefficient of friction  
 • Recommended for sliding elements | PE, PP, PA

* A sputter machine needed for this type of coating.

**SID 8 UDDEHOLM HIGH PERFORMANCE STEEL**

**SID 9 UDDEHOLM HIGH PERFORMANCE STEEL**
When choosing a hot work tool steel suitable for hot work applications, the properties of that steel are very important. There are many different applications within hot work, such as HPDC (High Pressure Die Casting), Forging, Extrusion and Hot stamping. These different segments have very different demands on the tool steel. Therefore, the correct tool steel must be selected, as certain steels can solve these issues better than others.

**Desirable Properties Needed in Hot Work**

- **Good Ductility**
- **High Hot Strength**
- **Good Temper Resistance**
- **High Hot Hardness**

**Failures That Can Be Solved by the Steel**

- Gross cracking, heat checking, and indentations are failures which can be solved or reduced by changing the steel grade or the hardness level.

**Failures That Can Be Solved by PVD Coating**

- Erosion, corrosion, or soldering problems on cores, ejector pins, and cavities (with simple geometry).
- Abrasive wear in Hot Stamping.

**Example of Coatings for Hot Work Steels**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Coating</th>
<th>Coating Type</th>
<th>Colour</th>
<th>Key Properties</th>
<th>Thermal Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| CROSAL® - plus | A2N+ | Slate grey | - High oxidation resistance  
- Outstanding hot hardness | 1100°C (2012°F) |
| Duplex – TIGRAL® | A2/TiN | Grey | - High hot hardness  
- Excellent oxidation resistance  
- Excellent abrasion resistance | 900°C (1650°F) |
| Duplex – VARIANTIC® | TiAlCN | Old rose | - Good chemical resistance  
- Low friction  
- Good oxidation resistance in semi-warm-forming | 900°C (1470°F) |

**Failure Examples**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Failure</th>
<th>Tool Part</th>
<th>Tool Steel Examples</th>
<th>Typical Hardness Range</th>
<th>Coating Examples</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Soldering in HPDC</td>
<td>Core pin</td>
<td>Uddeholm QRO® 90 Supreme</td>
<td>44-50 HRC</td>
<td>Duplex TIGRAL®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Erosion in HPDC</td>
<td>Gate insert</td>
<td>Uddeholm Unimax®</td>
<td>50-64 HRC</td>
<td>CROSAL® plus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abrasive Wear in Hot stamping</td>
<td>Forming insert</td>
<td>Uddeholm Unimax®</td>
<td>55-58 HRC</td>
<td>Duplex VARIANTIC®</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Since 1668 we have been providing a wide range of innovative cutting-edge solutions for our customers in demanding segments. Our dedicated employees work in almost ninety countries and together we deliver improved competitiveness to clients worldwide. Welcome to Uddeholm, #1 in high performance tool steel.