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This information is based on our present state of knowledge and is intended to provide general notes on our products and their uses. It should not therefore be construed as a warranty of specific properties of the products described or a warranty for fitness for a particular purpose.

Classified according to EU Directive 1999/45/EC
For further information see our "Material Safety Data Sheets".

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which is always published on our web site www.uddeholm.com



SS-EN ISO 9001
SS-EN ISO 14001

UDDEHOLM CALDIE

CHANGING TOOLING ENVIRONMENT

New and more demanding work materials are continuously implemented in the industry. As a consequence of the introduction of AHSS, Advanced High Strength Steel, the forming tools have to resist higher stress levels and withstand more adhesive and abrasive wear. Many times the tool has to be coated in order to fulfil production requirements, i.e. the tool material also has to be a good substrate material for different type of surface coatings.

THE PROBLEM SOLVER

Uddeholm Caldie is the first ESR-grade and developed with main focus on severe cold work applications.

The excellent combination of compressive strength, wear resistance and chipping/cracking resistance has been achieved by a well balanced chemistry of matrix type and a clean and homogeneous microstructure. Appropriate heat treatment properties and high fatigue strength make Uddeholm Caldie also to a perfect substrate material for surface coatings

A VERSATILE TOOL STEEL

The unique properties profile of Uddeholm Caldie include very good weldability, castability, through hardening properties, machinability and grindability. This means that Uddeholm Caldie provides many different options for economical toolmaking, tool using and maintenance, especially for larger forming tools.

General

Uddeholm Caldie is a chromium-molybdenum-vanadium alloyed tool steel which is characterized by:

- Very good chipping and cracking resistance
- Good wear resistance
- High hardness (>60 HRC) after high temperature tempering
- Good dimensional stability in heat treatment and in service
- Excellent through-hardening properties
- Good machinability and grindability
- Excellent polishability
- Good surface treatment properties
- Good resistance to tempering back
- Very good WEDM properties

| | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| Typical analysis % | C 0.7 | Si 0.2 | Mn 0.5 | Cr 5.0 | Mo 2.3 | V 0.5 |
| Standard specification | None | | | | | |
| Delivery condition | Soft annealed to approx. 215 HB | | | | | |
| Colour code | White/grey | | | | | |

Applications

Uddeholm Caldie is suitable for short to medium run tooling where chipping and/or cracking are the predominant failure mechanisms and where a high compressive strength (hardness of over 60 HRC) is necessary. This makes Uddeholm Caldie an excellent problem solver for severe cold work applications where the combination of a hardness above 60 HRC and a high cracking resistance is of utmost importance e.g. as in the blanking and forming of ultra high strength steel sheets.

Uddeholm Caldie is also very suitable as a substrate steel for applications where surface coatings are desirable or necessary.

COLD WORK APPLICATIONS

- Blanking applications where high ductility and toughness are needed to prevent chipping/cracking
- Cold forging and forming operations where a high compressive strength combined with good resistance to chipping/cracking are necessary

- Machine knives
- Thread rolling dies
- Substrate for surface coatings

UDDEHOLM HIGH PERFORMANCE STEEL APPLICATIONS

Uddeholm Caldie can be used in engineering applications where high compressive strength has to be combined with high ductility/toughness. Knives for fragmentation of plastics and metals and roll forming rolls are good examples.

Properties

The properties below are representative of samples which have been taken from the centre of bars with dimensions 203 x 80 mm and Ø 102 mm. Unless otherwise indicated, all specimens have been hardened at 1025°C (1875°C), gas quenched in a vacuum furnace and tempered twice at 525°C (975°F) for two hours to 60–62 HRC.

Physical properties

Hardened and tempered to 60–62 HRC.

| Temperature | 20°C (68°F) | 200°C (390°F) | 400°C (750°F) |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| Density, kg/m ³ lbs/in ³ | 7 820 0.282 | – | – |
| Modulus of elasticity MPa psi | 213 000 31.2 x 10 ⁶ | 192 000 27.8 x 10 ⁶ | 180 000 26.1 x 10 ⁶ |
| Coefficient of thermal expansion per °C from 20°C per °F from 68°F | – – | 11.6 x 10 ⁻⁶ 6.4 x 10 ⁻⁶ | 12.4 x 10 ⁻⁶ 6.9 x 10 ⁻⁶ |
| Thermal conductivity W/m °C Btu in/(ft ² h°F) | – – | 24 174 | 28 195 |
| Specific heat J/kg°C Btu/lb°F | 460 0.11 | – | – |

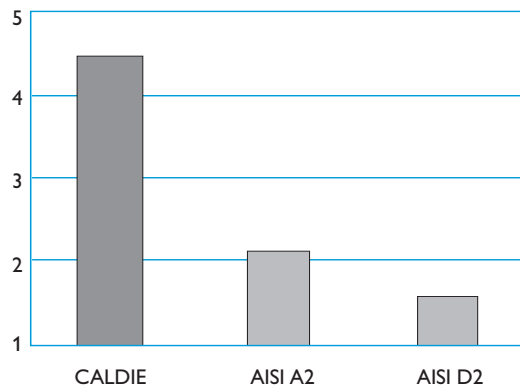
Compressive strength

Approximately compressive strength vs. hardness is shown in the table below.

| Hardness HRC | Compressive yield strength, Rc0,2 (MPa) |
|-----------------|--|
| 58 | 2230 |
| 60 | 2350 |
| 61 | 2430 |

Chipping resistance

Relative chipping resistance for Uddeholm Caldie, AISI A2 and AISI D2 is shown below.



Stress relieving

After rough machining the residual stresses should be relieved by tempering at 650°C (1200°F), holding time 2 hours. Cool slowly in the furnace to 500°C (930°F), then freely in air to room temperature.

Hardening

Preheating temperature: 600–650°C (1100–1200°F) and 850–900°C (1560–1650°F). In case of bigger dimensions a third preheating step at 930°C (1700°F) is recommended.
Austenitizing temperature: 1000–1025°C (1830–1875°F), normally 1020°C (1870°F), in case of bigger dimensions 1000°C (1830°F).
Holding time: 30 min.

Protect the part against decarburization and oxidation.

Heat treatment

Soft annealing

Protect the steel and heat through to 820°C (1510°F) wait for equalization of the temperature (equalization time related to the size of the tool). Then cool in the furnace at 10°C (20°F) per hour to 650°C (1200°F), then freely in air to room temperature.

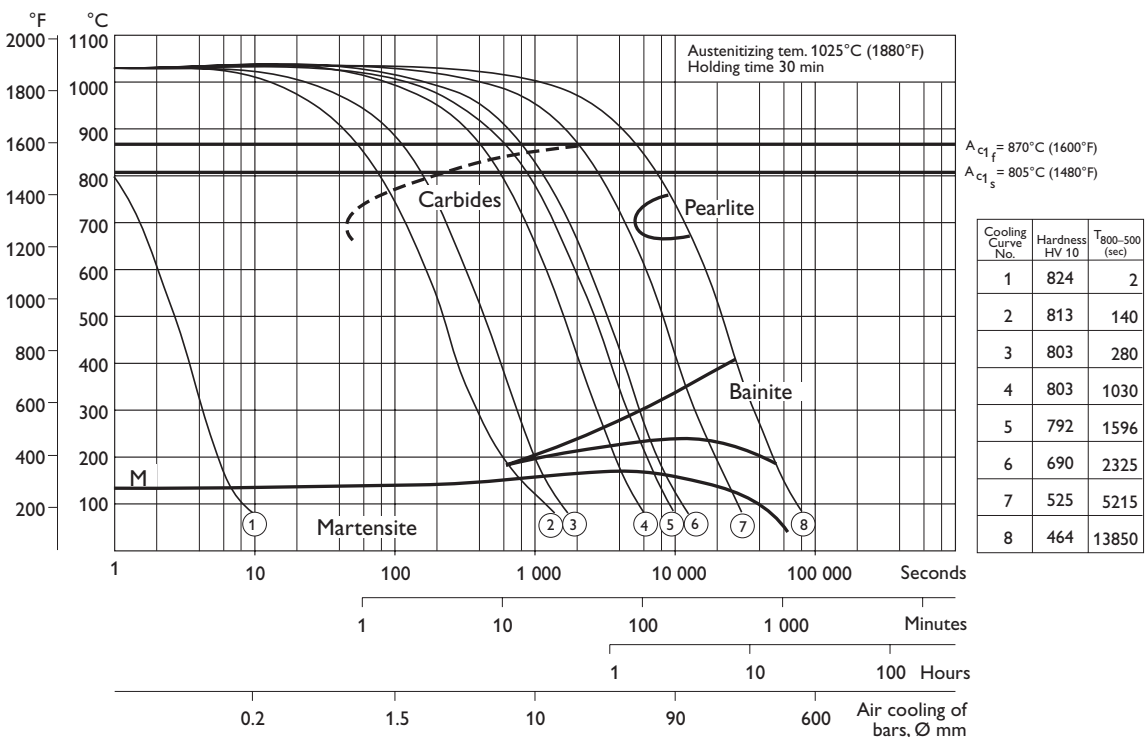
Quenching media

- High speed gas/circulating atmosphere
- Vacuum furnace (high speed gas with sufficient overpressure)
- Martempering bath at 500–550°C (930–1020°F)
- Martempering bath at approx. 200–350°C (390–660°F)

Note: Temper the tool as soon as its temperature reaches 50–70°C (120–160°F).

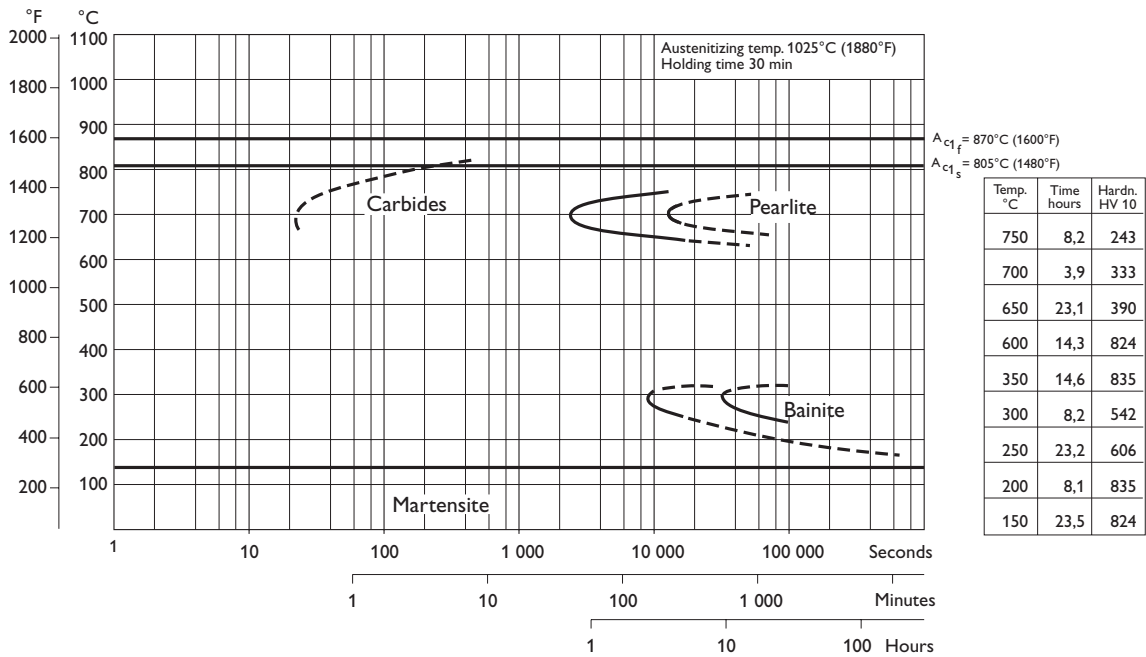
CCT-GRAPH

Austenitizing temperature 1025°C (1880°F). Holding time 30 minutes.



TTT-GRAPH

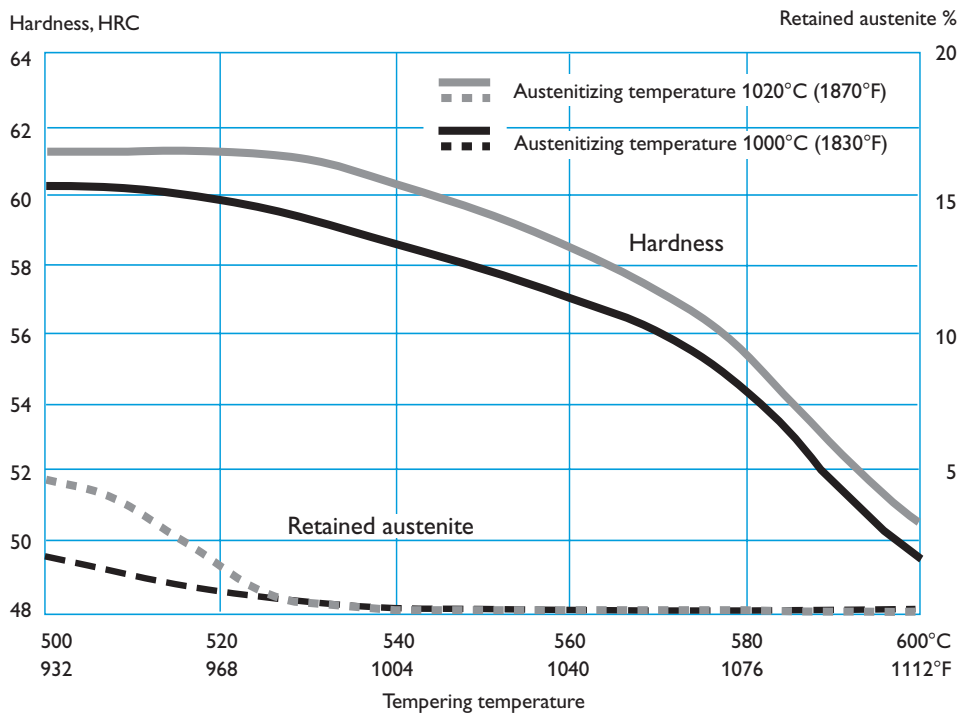
Austenitizing temperature 1025°C (1880°F). Holding time 30 minutes.



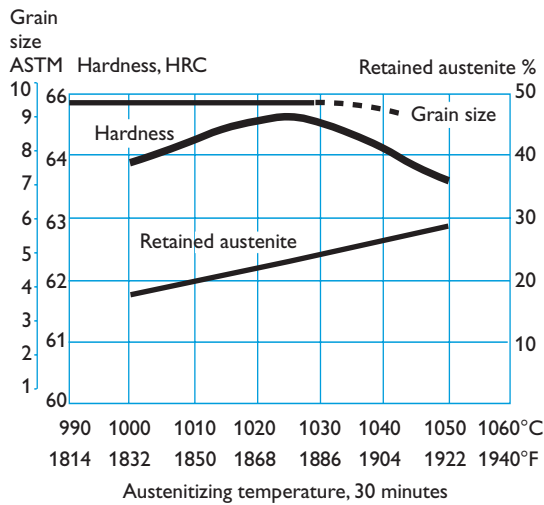
Tempering

Choose the tempering temperature according to the hardness required by reference to the tempering graph below. Temper at least twice with intermediate cooling to room temperature. The lowest tempering temperature which should be used is 525°C (980°F). The minimum holding time at temperature is 2 hours.

TEMPERING GRAPH



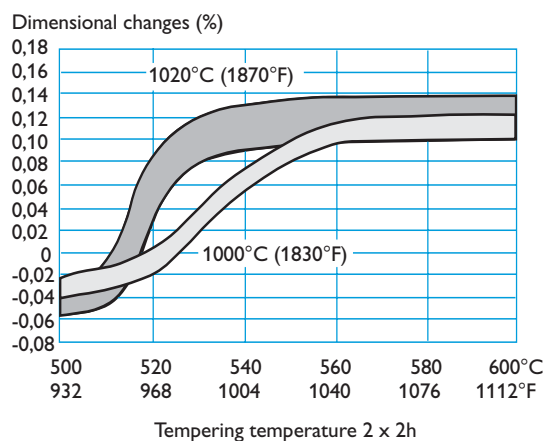
HARDNESS, GRAIN SIZE AND RETAINED AUSTENITE AS A FUNCTION OF AUSTENITIZING TEMPERATURE



Dimensional changes

The dimensional changes have been measured after austenitizing at 1000°C (1830°F)/30 min. and 1020°C (1870°F)/30 min. followed by gas quenching in N₂ at a cooling rate of 1.1°C/s between 800–500°C (1470–930°F) in a cold chamber vacuum furnace.

Specimen size: 100 x 100 x 100 mm (3.9" x 3.9" x 3.9"). Values for all directions are within the marked areas.



Surface treatments

Tool steel may be given a surface treatment in order to reduce friction and increase wear resistance. The most commonly used treatments are nitriding and surface coating with wear resistant layers produced via PVD or CVD.

The high hardness and toughness together with a good dimensional stability makes Uddeholm Caldie suitable as a substrate steel for various surface coatings.

Nitriding and nitrocarburizing

Nitriding and nitrocarburizing result in a hard surface layer which is very resistant to wear and galling.

The surface hardness after nitriding is approximately 1000–1200 HV_{0.2kg}. The thickness of the layer should be chosen to suit the application in question.

PVD

Physical vapour deposition, PVD, is a method of applying a wear-resistant coating at temperatures between 200–500°C (390–930°F).

CVD

Chemical vapour deposition, CVD, is used for applying wear-resistant surface coatings at a temperature of around 1000°C (1830°F).

Cutting data recommendations

The cutting data below are to be considered as guiding values, which must be adapted to existing local conditions. More information can be found in the Uddeholm publication “Cutting data recommendation”.

The recommendations in following tables are valid for Uddeholm Caldie in soft annealed condition approximate 220 HB.

Turning

| Cutting data parameters | Turning with carbide | | Turning with high speed steel Fine turning |
|--|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| | Rough turning | Fine turning | |
| Cutting speed (v_c) m/min f.p.m. | 140–190 460–620 | 190–240 620–785 | 15–20 50–65 |
| Feed (f) mm/r i.p.r. | 0.2–0.4 0.008–0.016 | 0.05–0.2 0.002–0.008 | 0.05–0.3 0.002–0.012 |
| Depth of cut (a_p) mm inch | 2–4 0.08–0.16 | 0.5–2 0.02–0.08 | 0.5–3 0.02–0.12 |
| Carbide designation ISO US | P20–P30 C6–C5 Coated carbide | P10 C7 Coated carbide or cermet | – – |

Milling

FACE- AND SQUARE SHOULDER MILLING

| Cutting data parameters | Milling with carbide | |
|--|------------------------------------|---|
| | Rough milling | Fine milling |
| Cutting speed (v_c) m/min f.p.m. | 130–160 430–525 | 160–200 525–656 |
| Feed (f_z) mm/tooth inch/tooth | 0.2–0.4 0.008–0.016 | 0.1–0.2 0.004–0.008 |
| Depth of cut (a_p) mm inch | 2–4 0.08–0.16 | 0.5–2 0.02–0.08 |
| Carbide designation ISO US | P20–P40 C6–C5 Coated carbide | P10–20 C7–C6 Coated carbide or cermet |

END MILLING

| Cutting data parameters | Type of milling | | |
|--|---|--|---|
| | Solid carbide | Carbide indexable insert | High speed steel |
| Cutting speed (v_c) m/min f.p.m. | 110–140 360–460 | 100–140 330–460 | 18–23 ¹⁾ 60–75 ¹⁾ |
| Feed (f_z) mm/tooth inch/tooth | 0.01–0.20 ²⁾ 0.0003–0.008 ²⁾ | 0.06–0.20 ²⁾ 0.002–0.008 ²⁾ | 0.01–0.30 ²⁾ 0.0003–0.012 ²⁾ |
| Carbide designation ISO US | – | P20–P30 C6–C5 | – – |

¹⁾ For coated HSS end mill $v_c = 32–38$ m/min. (105–125 f.p.m.)

²⁾ Depending on radial depth of cut and cutter diameter

Drilling

HIGH SPEED STEEL TWIST DRILL

| Drill diameter | | Cutting speed (v_c) | | Feed (f) | |
|----------------|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------|-------------|
| mm | inch | m/min | f.p.m. | mm/r | i.p.r. |
| – 5 | –3/16 | 15–20* | 49–66* | 0.05–0.10 | 0.002–0.004 |
| 5–10 | 3/16–3/8 | 15–20* | 49–66* | 0.10–0.20 | 0.004–0.008 |
| 10–15 | 3/8–5/8 | 15–20* | 49–66* | 0.20–0.30 | 0.008–0.012 |
| 15–20 | 5/8–3/4 | 15–20* | 49–66* | 0.30–0.35 | 0.012–0.014 |

* For coated HSS drill $v_c = 35–40$ m/min. (110–130 f.p.m.)

CARBIDE DRILL

| Cutting data parameters | Type of drill | | |
|--|--|---|---|
| | Indexable insert | Solid carbide | Carbide tipped ¹⁾ |
| Cutting speed (v_c) m/min f.p.m. | 160–200 525–655 | 110–140 360–460 | 60–90 19–295 |
| Feed (f) mm/r i.p.r. | 0.05–0.15 ²⁾ 0.002–0.006 ²⁾ | 0.10–0.25 ²⁾ 0.004–0.01 ²⁾ | 0.15–0.25 ²⁾ 0.006–0.01 ²⁾ |

¹⁾ Drill with replaceable or brased carbide tip

²⁾ Depending on drill diameter

Grinding

A general grinding wheel recommendation is given below. More information can be found in the Uddeholm brochure “Grinding of Tool Steel”.

WHEEL RECOMMENDATION

| Type of grinding | Soft annealed condition | Hardened condition |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Face grinding straight wheel | A 46 HV | A 46 HV |
| Face grinding segments | A 24 GV | A 36 GV |
| Cylindrical grinding | A 60 KV | A 60 KV |
| Internal grinding | A 46 JV | A 60 IV |
| Profile grinding | A 100 KV | A 120 JV |

Welding

Welding of die components can be performed, with acceptable results, as long as the proper precautions are taken during the preparation of the joint, the filler material selection, the pre-heating of the tool, the controlled cooling of the tool and the post weld heat treatment processes. The following guidelines summarize the most important welding process parameters.

More detailed information can be found in the Uddeholm brochure “Welding of Tool Steel”.

| Welding method | TIG | MMA |
|---------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Preheating temperature | 200–250°C (390–485°F) | 200–250°C (390–485°F) |
| Filler material | Caldie TIG-Weld UTP A696 UTP ADUR600 UTPA 73G2 | UTP 69 UTP 67S UTP 73G2 |
| Maximum interpass temperature | 350°C (660°F) | 350°C (660°F) |
| Post weld cooling | 20–40°C/h (40–80°F/h) for the first 2 hours and then freely in air. | |
| Hardness after welding | 54–62 HRC | 55–62 HRC |
| <i>Post weld heat treatment</i> | | |
| Hardened condition | Temper at 510°C (950°F) for 2 hours | |
| Soft annealed condition | Soft-anneal according to the “Heat treatment recommendations” | |

Minor repairs can be made at room temperature with the TIG-method.

Electrical Discharge Machining—EDM

If EDM is performed in the hardened and tempered condition, finish with “fine-sparking”, i.e. low current, high frequency.

For optimal performance the EDM'd surface should be ground/polished and the tool re-tempered at approx. 25°C (50°F) lower than the original tempering temperature.

Further information is given in the Uddeholm brochure “EDM of Tool Steel”.

Flame hardening

Use oxy-acetylene equipment with a capacity of 800–1250 l/h.

Oxygen pressure 2.5 bar, acetylene pressure 1.5 bar. Adjust to give neutral flame. Temperature: 980–1020°C (1795–1870°F). Cool freely in air.

The hardness at the surface will be 58–62 HRC and 41 HRC (400 HB) at a depth of 3–3.5 mm (0.12”–0.14”).

Relative comparison of Uddeholm cold work tool steel

Material properties and resistance to failure mechanisms

| Uddeholm grade | Hardness/ Resistance to plastic deformation | Machinability | Grindability | Dimension stability | Resistance to | | Fatigue cracking resistance | |
|--------------------|--|---------------|--------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | | | | Abrasive wear | Adhesive wear | Ductility/ resistance to chipping | Toughness/ gross cracking |
| ARNE | ████ | ████████ | ████████ | █ | ████ | ████ | ████ | ████ |
| CALMAX | ████ | ████████ | ████████ | ██████ | ████ | ██████ | ██████████ | ████████ |
| CALDIE (ESR) | ██████ | ██████ | ██████ | ██████ | ██████ | ██████ | ██████████ | ████████ |
| RIGOR | ████ | ██████ | ██████ | ██████ | ██████ | ████ | ████ | ██████ |
| SLEIPNER | ██████ | ██████ | ██████ | ██████ | ██████ | ██████ | ████ | ██████ |
| SVERKER 21 | ████ | ██████ | ██████ | ██████ | ██████ | █ | █ | ██████ |
| SVERKER 3 | ██████ | █ | █ | ██████ | ████████ | █ | █ | █ |
| VANADIS 4 EXTRA | ██████ | ██████ | ██████ | ████████ | ██████ | ██████ | ██████████ | ████ |
| VANADIS 6 | ██████ | ████ | ████ | ██████ | ██████ | ██████ | ██████ | ████ |
| VANADIS 10 | ██████ | █ | █ | ██████ | ████████ | ██████ | ████ | █ |
| VANADIS 23 | ██████ | ██████ | ██████ | ██████ | ██████ | ██████ | ██████ | ████ |
| VANCRON 40 | ██████ | ██████ | ██████ | ██████ | ██████ | ████████ | ████ | ████ |

Further information

Please contact your local Uddeholm office for further information on the selection, heat treatment, application and availability of Uddeholm tool steel.



Network of excellence

UDDEHOLM is present on every continent. This ensures you high-quality Swedish tool steel and local support wherever you are. ASSAB is our wholly-owned subsidiary and exclusive sales channel, representing Uddeholm in various parts of the world. Together we secure our position as the world's leading supplier of tooling materials.

UDDEHOLM is the world's leading supplier of tooling materials. This is a position we have reached by improving our customers' everyday business. Long tradition combined with research and product development equips Uddeholm to solve any tooling problem that may arise. It is a challenging process, but the goal is clear – to be your number one partner and tool steel provider.

Our presence on every continent guarantees you the same high quality wherever you are. ASSAB is our wholly-owned subsidiary and exclusive sales channel, representing Uddeholm in various parts of the world. Together we secure our position as the world's leading supplier of tooling materials. We act worldwide, so there is always an Uddeholm or ASSAB representative close at hand to give local advice and support. For us it is all a matter of trust – in long-term partnerships as well as in developing new products. Trust is something you earn, every day.

For more information, please visit www.uddeholm.com, www.assab.com or your local website.

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